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CSN1301 - August 16, 2018

Item # CSN1301 was discontinued on August 16, 2018. For informational purposes, this is a copy of the website content at that time and is valid only for the stated product.

OBJECTIVE MOUNTING FOR DIY CERNA® SYSTEMS



Share Your Work With Us!

components? Send a picture to

Have you built a unique setup using DIY Cerna

customers often inform our engineering efforts and inspire us

to make new products and improvements for the entire

ImagingTechSupport@thorlabs.com! Our

community. We'd love to hear from you.

Hide Overview

OVERVIEW

Features

- Place Objectives at 7.74" Throat Depth of DIY Cerna[®] Microscope
- Objective Nosepieces for M32 x 0.75, M25 x 0.75, or RMS (0.800"-36) Threads
- Piezo Objective Scanner for High-Frame-Rate Z-Stack Acquisition
 - Adapters (Sold Separately) Support a Variety of Standard Microscope and Objective Threads
- Macro Lens Nosepiece with Internal SM2 (2.035"-40) Threads
- 60 mm Cage System Compatibility on Select Nosepieces
- · Motorized Focusing Modules with 1" of Z-Travel Secure Nosepieces to Microscope Body



Click to Enlarge Our nosepieces contain six M4 counterbores for mounting them to our focusing modules.

Thorlabs' selection of objective holders provides a variety of mechanical interfaces for mounting microscope objectives and other optical elements along the optical path of a DIY Cerna system. We offer nosepieces for microscope objectives that support M32 x 0.75, M25 x 0.75, and RMS (0.800"-36) objective threads. In addition, we manufacture a nosepiece with internal SM2 (2.035"-40) threads and taps for 60 mm cage system, which can be used to mount macro lenses and a wide variety of Thorlabs optomechanics.





Click to Enlarge This system uses our CSN1301 Dual-Objective Nosepiece, BSA2000 Condenser Arm, and ZFM2020 and ZFM2030 modules to mount and motorize an objective and condenser.



Thorlabs also offers two motorized fine focusing modules (available below), which provide 1" of travel along the Z-axis and connect

objective nosepieces and arms to the microscope body. The ZFM2020 and ZFM2030 facilitate flexibility in the mounting configuration. These modules can be driven using the MCM3001 3-Axis Controller. (sold separately)

Additional body attachments and extensions are available which allow the integration of Thorlabs' lens tube systems, cage construction systems, and other optomechanics with our Cerna microscopy platform. We also offer condenser arms that are designed to mount condensers at the 7.74" throat depth of DIY Cerna systems. For optics that do not require frequent adjustment, we also offer fixed mounting arms that mount lens tubes and cage systems directly along the optical path of the microscope.

Hide Microscope Dovetails

MICROSCOPE DOVETAILS

Introduction to Microscope Dovetails

Dovetails are used for mechanical mating and optical port alignment of microscope components. Components are connected by inserting one dovetail into another, then tightening one or more locking setscrews on the female dovetail. Dovetails come in two shapes: linear and circular. Linear



This photo shows the male 95 mm dovetail on the microscope body and the female 95 mm dovetail on the CSA1002 Fixed Arm.

dovetails allow the mating components to slide before being locked down, providing flexible positioning options while limiting unneeded degrees of

freedom. Circular dovetails align optical ports on different components, maintaining a single optical axis with minimal user intervention.

Thorlabs manufactures many components which use dovetails to mate with our own components or those of other manufacturers. To make it easier to identify dovetail compatibility, we have developed a set of dovetail designations. The naming convention of these designations is used only by Thorlabs and not other microscope manufacturers. The table to the right lists all the dovetails Thorlabs makes, along with their key dimensions.

In the case of Thorlabs' Cerna[®] microscopes, different dovetail types are used on different sections of the microscope to ensure that only compatible components can be mated. For example, our WFA2002 Epi-Illuminator Module has a male D1N dovetail that mates with the female D1N dovetail on the microscope body's epi-illumination arm, while the CSS2001 XY Microscopy Stage has a female D1Y dovetail that mates with the male D1Y dovetail on the CSA1051 Mounting Arm.

To learn which dovetail type(s) are on a particular component, consult its mechanical drawing, available by clicking on the red Docs icon () below. For adapters with a female dovetail, the drawing also indicates the size of the hex key needed for the locking setscrew(s). It is important to note that mechanical compatibility does not ensure optical compatibility. Information on optical compatibility is available from Thorlabs' web presentations.

For customers interested in machining their own dovetails, the table to the right gives the outer diameter and angle (as defined by the drawings below) of each Thorlabs dovetail designation. However, the dovetail's height must be determined by the user, and for circular dovetails, the user

Thorlabs Dovetail Reference^a Туре Shape **Outer Dimension** Angle 95 mm Linear 95 mm 45° D1N Circular Ø2.018" 60° Circular Ø1.50" 90° D2N^b D2NB^b Circular Ø1.50" 90° 70° D3N Circular Ø45 mm D5N Circular Ø1.58" ۹N° D6N Circular Ø1.90" 90° D7N Circular Ø2.05" 90° D3T Circular Ø1.65" 90° D1Y Circular Ø107 mm 60° Ø2.32" D₂Y Circular 50° D3Y Circular Ø1.75" 90° D4Y Circular Ø56 mm 60° D5Y 60° Circular Ø46 mm D6Y Circular Ø41.9 mm 45° D1Z Circular Ø54 mm 60° D2Z Ø57 mm Circular 60° D3Z Circular Ø54 mm 45°

add vertices and are not used by other microscope manufacturers.

b. D2N and D2NB dovetails have the same outer diameter and angle, as defined by the drawings below. The D2N designation does not specify a height. The D2NB designation specifies a dovetail height of 0.40" (10.2 mm).

must also determine the inner diameter and bore diameter. These quantities can vary for dovetails of the same type. One can use the intended mating part to verify compatibility.

In order to reduce wear and simplify connections, dovetails are often machined with chamfers, recesses, and other mechanical features. Some examples of these variations are shown by the drawings below.

- Outer Diamete etail Examples

Click to Enlarge Two examples of how circular male dovetails can be manufactured.

 Outer Diameter Female Dovetail Examples

Click to Enlarge Two examples of how circular female dovetails can be manufactured.



This photo shows the male D1N dovetail on the trinoculars next to the female D1N dovetail on the epiillumination arm.

DIY CERNA INTERFACES

Standard Mechanical Interfaces on DIY Cerna[®] Components

The table below gives the dovetail, optical component threads, and cage system interfaces that are present on each DIY Cerna component. If a DIY Cerna component does not have one of the standard interfaces in the table, it is not listed here. Please note that mechanical compatibility does not ensure optical compatibility. Information on optical compatibility is available from Thorlabs' web presentations.

			М	icroscop	e Doveta	ils			Ор	tical Com	ponent Thread	ds ^a	Cage Sy	/stems ^b
ltem #	95 mm	D1N	D2N	D2NB	D3N	D3T	D5N	D1Y	C- Mount ^c (1.00"- 32)	SM1 ^d (1.035"- 40)	SM30 (M30.5x0.5)	SM2 ^e (2.035"- 40)	30 mm ^d	60 mm ^e
2SCM1-DC										Internal & External		Internal	Yes	Yes
BSA2000 ^f					Female									
CEA1350	Male	Female												Yes
CEA1400	Male	Female												Yes
CEA1500	Male	Female												Yes
CEA1600	Male	Female												Yes
CFB1500	Male													
CSA1000	Female													
CSA1001	Female									Internal			Yes	
CSA1002	Female											Internal		Yes
CSA1003		Female												Yes
CSA1051	Female							Male						
CSA1100 ^{f,g}														Yes
CSA1500 ^{f,h}														
CSA2000 ^f					Female							Internal		Yes
CSA2001					Female							External		
CSA2100 ^f												Internal		Yes
CSA3000(/M)		Male												
CSA3010(/M)		Male											Yes	Yes
CSC1001					Male									
CSC1002					Male									
CSC1003					Male									
CSC2001					Male									
CSD1001		Male & Female		Female										
CSD1002		Male & Female							External					
CSE1000 ⁱ		Male & Female												
CSE2000		Male & Female												Yes
CSE2100		Male & Female				Female				Internal			Yes	Yes

LCPN2 Male Male Image: Constraint of the state	Internal Yes Yes
LCPN1InternalInternalYesYesYesLCPN2MaleMaleInternalInternalInternalYesYesItem #95 mmD1ND2ND2NBD3ND3TD5ND1YC- MountSM30SM2SM2030 mm60 mOPX2400/M)Male & FemaleMaleMaleInternalInternalInternalYesYesSM1A58MaleMaleMaleInternalInternalInternalInternalYesSM2456MaleMaleMaleInternalInternalInternalYesWFA0150FemaleInternalInternalInternalInternalYesWFA1000InternalInternalInternalInternalYesInternalWFA1010InternalInternalInternalInternalYesInternalWFA1020InternalInternalInternalInternalYesInternalWFA1001InternalInternalInternalInternalYesInternalWFA1010InternalInternalInternalInternalYesInternalWFA1001InternalInternalInternalInternalInternalYesWFA1001InternalInternalInternalInternalInternalYesWFA1001InternalInternalInternalInternalInternalYesWFA1001InternalInternalInternalInternal	Yes
LCPN2MaleMaleMaleImageMale	
Item #95 mmD1ND2ND2NBD3ND3TD5ND1YC- MountSM1SM30SM230 mm60 mOPX2400(/M)Male & FemaleMale & FemaleImage: SM1A58Male & MaleMaleImage: SM1A58Image: SM1A58<	Internal Yes Yes
Item #95 nmD1ND2ND2NBD3ND3TD5ND1YMountSM1SM30SM230 nm60 mOPX2400(/M) $\begin{array}{c} Male & \\ Female \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} Male & \\ Female \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} Male & \\ Male \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} $	Internal Yes Yes
OPX2400(/M) Male & Female Male Male <th< td=""><td></td></th<>	
OPA2400(M)FemaleMaleMaleInternalInternalInternalMemalaYesSM1A58MaleMaleMaleInternalInternalExternalYesMemalaSM2A56Image: SM2A56Image: SM2A56MaleMaleImage: SM2A56ExternalYesMemalaWFA0150FemaleImage: SM2A56Image: SM2A	SM1 SM30 SM2 30 mm 60 mm
SM2A56Image: second	Internal Yes
WFA0150 Female Image: Male & Female <thimage: &="" female<="" male="" th=""> Image: Male & Female <th< td=""><td>Internal External Yes</td></th<></thimage:>	Internal External Yes
WFA1000 Image: Metric state in the state in	External
WFA1010 Image: Constraint of the stress of the	
WFA1020 Internal Internal Yes WFA1051 Image: Second	Yes
WFA1051 Image: Constraint of the state of t	Internal Yes
WFA1100 Male & Female Male & Female Image: Non-state Image: Non-state Image: Non-state Yes Yes	Internal Yes
WFA2001 Male & Female I Internal & Internal	Internal Yes
WFA2001 Male & & &	Yes
WFA2001 & Kennel & Ke	Internal
External External	
	External
WFA2002 Male & Female Male & Fem	Internal Yes
WFA4000 Male Female	
WFA4001 Male Female Image: Constraint of the second se	
WFA4002 Male Female Image: Constraint of the second se	
WFA4003 Male Female Image: Constraint of the second se	
WFA4100 Male External	Internal
WFA4101 Male External	Internal
WFA4102 Male External	Internal
WFA4105 Male External	
WFA4106 Male External	
WFA4107 Male External	
WFA4108 Male External	
WFA4109 Male External	
WFA4110 Male External	External
WFA4111 Male Male External	External
WFA4112 Male External External	
XT95P11(/M) Female Image: Constraint of the second	
XT95P12(/M) Female Image: Control of the second se	
ZFM1020 Female	
ZFM1030 Female	
ZFM2020 Female 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	
ZFM2030 Female	

ad Vhorlabs' optical component thread adapters can be used to convert between C-Mount threads, SM1 threads, SM2 threads, and virtually every other optical thread standard.

b. Our cage system size adapters and drop-in adapter can be used to convert between 16 mm, 30 mm, and 60 mm cage systems.

c. C-Mount and CS-Mount standards feature the same 1.00"-32 threads, but C-Mounts have a 5 mm longer flange-to-sensor distance.

- d. Our 30 mm cage plates can convert between SM1 lens tubes and 30 mm cage systems.
- e. Our 60 mm cage plates can convert between SM2 lens tubes and 60 mm cage systemsÈ

-EXCETtach to a ZFM focusing module to add a female 95 mm dovetail.

g. This nosepiece directly accepts M32 x 0.75 objective threads and ships with ring-type thread adapters for M25 x 0.75 and RMS (0.800"-36) objective threads.

@ Whis blank arm is designed for custom DIY machining for non-standard components, threads, and bores.

Živhis epi-illuminator module has a female Nikon bayonet mount, which can be connected to our SM1 lens tubes, SM2 lens tubes, and 30 mm cage system using our lamphouse port adapters.

Hide Cerna Videos

CERNA VIDEOS

Building a Cerna[®] Microscope

The Cerna microscopy platform's large working volume and system of dovetails make it straightforward to connect and position the components of the microscope. This flexibility enables simple and stable set up of a preconfigured microscope, and provides easy paths for later upgrades and modification. See below for a couple examples of the assembly of preconfigured and DIY Cerna microscopes.

Preconfigured Microscope Kit Design and Assembly

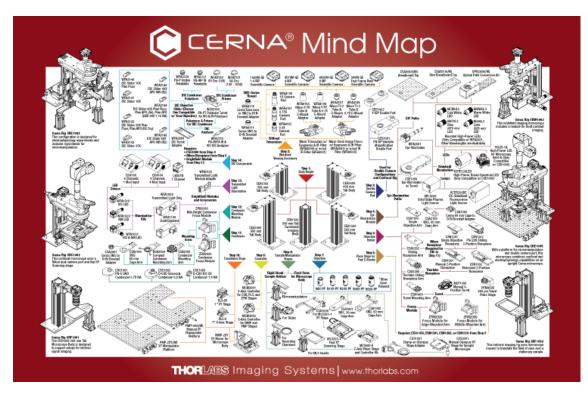
DIY Cerna Design and Assembly

Hide Cerna Mind Map

CERNA MIND MAP

The Cerna Mind Map is a visual tool that contains the complete selection of DIY Cerna components and several closely related accessories. Created as a supplement to our website, we have designed it to be printed on a single 11" x 17" sheet.

Click here or on the image below to download a printable PDF. The components shown on this webpage are in Steps 5, 6, 9, and 12 of the mind map.



Hide Microscope Guide

MICROSCOPE GUIDE

Elements of a Microscope

Click on the different parts of the microscope to explore their functions.

This overview was developed to provide a general understanding of a Cerna[®] microscope. Click on the different portions of the microscope graphic to the right or use the links below to learn how a Cerna microscope visualizes a sample.

- Terminology
- · Microscope Body
- Illumination
- Sample Viewing/Recording
- Sample/Experiment Mounting

Terminology

Arm: Holds components in the optical path of the microscope.

Bayonet Mount: A form of mechanical attachment with tabs on the male end that fit into L-shaped slots on the female end.

Bellows: A tube with accordion-shaped rubber sides for a flexible, light-tight extension between the microscope body and the objective.

Breadboard: A flat structure with regularly spaced tapped holes for DIY construction.

Dovetail: A form of mechanical attachment for many microscopy components. A linear dovetail allows flexible positioning along one dimension before being locked down, while a circular dovetail secures the component in one position. See the *Microscope Dovetails* tab or here for details.

Epi-Illumination: Illumination on the same side of the sample as the viewing apparatus. Epi-fluorescence, reflected light, and confocal microscopy are some examples of imaging modalities that utilize epi-illumination.

Filter Cube: A cube that holds filters and other optical elements at the correct orientations for microscopy. For example, filter cubes are essential for fluorescence microscopy and reflected light microscopy.

Köhler Illumination: A method of illumination that utilizes various optical elements to defocus and flatten the intensity of light across the field of view in the sample plane. A condenser and light collimator are necessary for this technique.

Nosepiece: A type of arm used to hold the microscope objective in the optical path of the microscope.

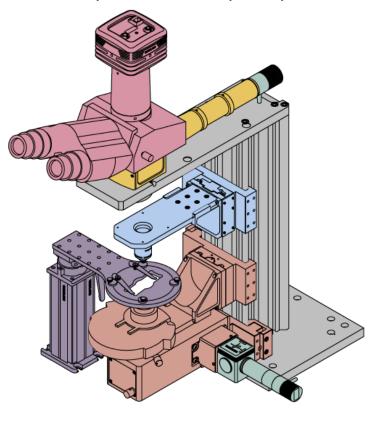
Optical Path: The path light follows through the microscope.

Rail Height: The height of the support rail of the microscope body.

Throat Depth: The distance from the vertical portion of the optical path to the edge of the support rail of the microscope body. The size of the throat depth, along with the working height, determine the working space available for microscopy.

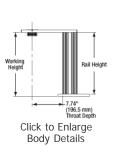
Trans-Illumination: Illumination on the opposite side of the sample as the viewing apparatus. Brightfield, differential interference contrast (DIC), Dodt gradient contrast, and darkfield microscopy are some examples of imaging modalities that utilize trans-illumination.

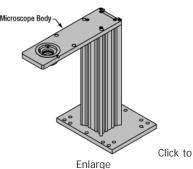
Working Height: The height of the support rail of the microscope body plus the height of the base. The size of the working height, along with the throat depth, determine the working space available for microscopy.



Microscope Body

The microscope body provides the foundation of any Cerna microscope. The support rail utilizes 95 mm rails machined to a high angular tolerance to ensure an aligned optical path and perpendicularity with the optical table. The support rail height chosen (350 - 600 mm) determines the vertical range available for experiments and microscopy components. The 7.74" throat depth, or distance from the optical path to the support rail, provides a large working space for experiments. Components attach to the body by way of either a linear dovetail on the support rail, or a circular dovetail on the epi-illumination arm (on certain models). Please see the *Microscope Dovetails* tab or here for further details.





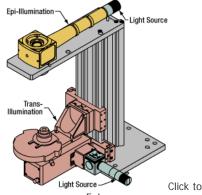
Enlarge Cerna Microscope Body



Illumination

Using the Cerna microscope body, a sample can be illuminated in two directions: from above (epi-illumination, see yellow components to the right) or from below (trans-illumination, see orange components to the right).

Epi-illumination illuminates on the same side of the sample as the viewing apparatus; therefore, the light from the illumination source (green) and the light from the sample plane share a portion of the optical path. It is used in fluorescence, confocal, and reflected light microscopy. Epi-illumination modules, which direct and condition light along the optical path, are attached to the epi-illumination arm of the microscope body via a circular D1N dovetail (see the *Microscope Dovetails* tab or here for details). Multiple epi-illumination modules are available, as well as breadboard tops, which have regularly spaced tapped holes for custom designs.



Trans-illumination illuminates from the opposite side of the sample as the viewing apparatus. Example imaging modalities include brightfield, differential interference contrast (DIC), Dodt gradient contrast, oblique, and darkfield microscopy. Trans-illumination modules, which condition light (on certain models) and direct it along the optical path, are attached to the support rail of the microscope body via a linear dovetail (see *Microscope Dovetails* tab or here). Please note that certain imaging modalities will require additional optics to alter the

Enlarge Illumination with a Cerna microscope can come from above (yellow) or below (orange). Illumination sources (green) attach to either.

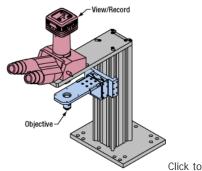
properties of the beam; these optics may be easily incorporated in the optical path via lens tubes and cage systems. In addition, Thorlabs offers condensers, which reshape input collimated light to help create optimal Köhler illumination. These attach to a mounting arm, which holds the condenser at the throat depth, or the distance from the optical path to the support rail. The arm attaches to a focusing module, used for aligning the condenser with respect to the sample and trans-illumination module.

	1	1000				-24	
Epi-Illumination Modules	Breadboards & Body Attachments	Brightfield	DIC	Dodt	Condensers	Condenser Mounting	Light Sources

Sample Viewing/Recording

Once illuminated, examining a sample with a microscope requires both focusing on the sample plane (see blue components to the right) and visualizing the resulting image (see pink components).

A microscope objective collects and magnifies light from the sample plane for imaging. On the Cerna microscope, the objective is threaded onto a nosepiece, which holds the objective at the throat depth, or the distance from the optical path to the support rail of the microscope body. This nosepiece is secured to a motorized focusing module, used for focusing the objective as well as for moving it out of the way for sample handling. To ensure a light-tight path from the objective, the microscope body comes with a bellows (not pictured).



Various modules are available for sample viewing and data collection. Trinoculars have three points of vision to view the sample directly as well as with a camera. Double camera ports redirect or split the optical path among two viewing channels. Camera tubes increase or decrease the image magnification. For data collection,

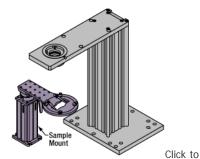
Enlarge Light from the sample plane is collected through an objective (blue) and viewed using trinocs or other optical ports (pink).

Thorlabs offers both cameras and photomultiplier tubes (PMTs), the latter being necessary to detect fluorescence signals for confocal microscopy. Breadboard tops provide functionality for custom-designed data collection setups. Modules are attached to the microscope body via a circular dovetail (see the Microscope Dovetails tab or here for details).



Sample/Experiment Mounting

Various sample and equipment mounting options are available to take advantage of the large working space of this microscope system. Large samples and ancillary equipment can be mounted via mounting platforms, which fit around the microscope body and utilize a breadboard design with regularly spaced tapped through holes. Small samples can be mounted on rigid stands (for example, see the purple component to the right), which have holders for different methods of sample preparation and data collection, such as slides, well plates, and petri dishes. For more traditional sample mounting, slides can also be mounted directly onto the microscope body via a manual XY stage. The rigid stands can translate by way of motorized stages (sold separately), while the mounting platforms contain built-in mechanics for motorized or manual translation. Rigid stands can also be mounted on top of the mounting platforms for independent and synchronized movement of multiple instruments, if you are interested in performing experiments simultaneously during microscopy.



Enlarge The rigid stand (purple) pictured is one of various sample mounting options available.

	pi			
Translating Platforms	Rigid Stands	Translation Stages for Rigid Stands	Motorized XY Stages	Manual XY Stage

For sample viewing, Thorlabs offers trinoculars, double camera ports, and camera tubes. Light from the sample plane can be collected via cameras, photomultiplier tubes (PMTs), or custom setups using breadboard tops. Click here for additional information about viewing samples with a Cerna microscope.

Product Families & Web Presentations











Sample Viewing

Breadboards & Body Attachments

Cameras



Close

Close

Microscope objectives are held in the optical path of the microscope via a nosepiece. Click here for additional information about viewing a sample with a Cerna microscope.

Product Families & Web Presentations



Objectives



Objective Thread

Adapters

Rigid Stands





Scanner



Objective Mounting

Close

Large and small experiment mounting options are available to take advantage of the large working space of this microscope. Click here for additional information about mounting a sample for microscopy.

Product Families & Web Presentations

Parfocal Length

Extender



Translating

Platforms





Translation Stages Motorized XY for Rigid Stands Stages



Manual XY Stage

Close

Thorlabs offers various light sources for epi- and trans-illumination. Please see the full web presentation of each to determine its functionality within the Cerna microscopy platform.

Product Families & Web Presentations









Trans-Illumination Solis Kits Pow

- Solis™ High-Power LEDs
 - Mounted LEDs X-Cite® Lamps



Close

Epi-illumination illuminates the sample on the same side as the viewing apparatus. Example imaging modalities include fluorescence, confocal, and reflected light microscopy. Click here for additional information on epi-illumination with Cerna.

Product Families & Web Presentations







Epi-Illumination

Body Attachments

Light Sources

Close

Trans-illumination illuminates from the opposite side of the sample as the viewing apparatus. Example imaging modalities include brightfield, differential interference contrast (DIC), Dodt gradient contrast, oblique, and darkfield microscopy. Click here for additional information on trans-illumination with Cerna.



Close

The microscope body provides the foundation of any Cerna microscope. The 7.74" throat depth provides a large working space for experiments. Click here for additional information about the Cerna microscope body.

Product Families & Web Presentations





Microscope Bodies

Microscope Translator

Hide Single-Objective Holders

Single-Objective Holders



Click to Enlarge These nosepieces position an objective at the 7.74" throat depth of a DIY Cerna[®] system.

- Hold One Objective at 7.74" Throat Depth of a DIY Cerna System
- CSA1100: M32 x 0.75 Objective Threads and Slim Profile
- CSN1201: M32 x 0.75 Objective Threads and Slot for DIC Objective Prism
- Attach to Motorized Focusing Module for 1" of Fine Z Travel

These nosepieces hold a single objective at the 7.74" throat depth of a DIY Cerna system. Both are directly

Item # CSA1100 **CSN1201** Number of Objectives One **Objective Threads** M32 x 0.75 M32 x 0.75 to M25 x 0.75 **Included Objective** None^a M25 x 0.75 to RMS Adapters Slot for DIC Objective No Yes Prisms **Required Mounting Arm** None CSA1200 Mounting Arm

addur microscope thread adapters convert M32 x 0.75 threads to industry-standard objective threads. These adapters prevent overthreading of the objective, while adding distance to the optical path. Please take care to not overthread objectives when using ring-type thread adapters.

The CSA1100 Single-Objective Nosepiece has a thin 0.38" profile that when using conserves distance along the optical path, maximizing the space available for other microscope modules. In contrast, the CSN1201 Single-Objective Nosepiece is 2.17" long, but has a slot that accepts a DIC objective prism.

compatible with M32 x 0.75-threaded objectives.

The CSA1100 nosepiece ships with ring-type thread adapters for M25 x 0.75 and RMS (0.800"-36) objective threads, and



has four 4-40 through taps for 60 mm cage system compatibility. It can be directly attached to a motorized focusing module (available below) via six M4 counterbores. Recessed magnets on top of the nosepiece mate to the bellows included

with Cerna microscope bodies with epi-illumination arms, creating a light-tight optical path between the nosepiece and the epi-illumination arm.

In comparison, the CSN1201 nosepiece does not ship with any thread adapters, and is attached to a motorized focusing module via the CSA1200 Mounting Arm (sold separately). Recessed magnets on the CSA1200 arm mate to the bellows included with Cerna microscope bodies with epi-illumination arms, creating a lighttight optical path between the nosepiece and the epi-illumination arm.

For machining an arm utilizing non-standard nosepiece threading, consider the CSA1500 blank arm, which can also be attached to a motorized focusing module.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
CSA1100	Nosepiece for 1 Objective, M32 x 0.75 Threads, 60 mm Cage Compatible	\$177.48	Today
CSN1201	Nosepiece for 1 Objective, M32 x 0.75 Threads	\$693.60	Today
CSA1200	Mounting Arm for CSN1201 and CSN1202 Nosepieces	\$265.00	Today

Hide Dual-Objective Nosepieces

magnification objective to image.

Dual-Objective Nosepieces						
Hold Two Objectives in a DIY Cerna System	Item #	CSN1301	CSN1202			
CSN1301: M32 x 0.75 Objective	Number of Objectives	Number of Objectives Two				
Threads and Slim Profile	Objective Threads	M32 x 0.75	M25 x 0.75			
CSN1202: M25 x 0.75 Objective Threads and Slots for DIC	Included Objective Adapters	M32 x 0.75 to M25 x 0.75 (Qty. 2) M25 x 0.75 to RMS (Qty. 2)	None ^a			
Objective Prisms Attach to Motorized Focusing	Per-Objective Parfocal Adjusters	No	Yes			
Module for 1" of Fine Z Travel These nosepieces hold two objectives in DIY Cerna systems.	Slots for DIC Objective Prisms	No	Yes			
They are ideal for constructing systems that use a low- magnification objective to find a region of interest and a high-	Required Mounting Arm	CSA1300 Mounting Arm	CSA1200 Mounting Arm			

add/ur RMSA1 thread adapter converts M25 x 0.75 threads to RMS threads. Please take care to not overthread objectives when using this and other ring-type thread adapters.

The CSN1301 Dual-Objective Nosepiece has two positions that accept M32 x 0.75-threaded objectives, which support larger fields

of view than M25 x 0.75-threaded objectives. In contrast, the CSN1202 only accepts M25 x 0.75-threaded objectives, but each position has a slot that accepts a DIC objective prism.



To switch between objectives, the CSN1301 nosepiece uses a sliding mechanism with detents that secure each objective into position. The nosepiece ships with ring-type thread adapters for M25 x 0.75 and RMS (0.800"-36) objective threads and

is attached to a motorized focusing module via the CSA1300 Mounting Arm (sold separately). Recessed magnets on the CSA1300 arm mate to the bellows included with Cerna microscope bodies with epi-illumination arms, creating a light-tight optical path between the nosepiece and the epi-illumination arm. To support DIY systems that do not use a Cerna microscope body, the top of the nosepiece has four 4-40 taps for 30 mm cage systems. These taps are blocked when the CSA1300 arm is installed.

In comparison, the CSN1202 nosepiece switches between objectives using a mechanism that retracts the objective that is not in use, as demonstrated in the video below. Additionally, each objective position has an independent adjuster knob that can be used to fine tune the objectives' parfocality. To help ensure the objectives' relative centration, the front objective position has three 2 mm hex adjustment screws, arranged 120° apart, which adjust that objective's transverse position. This nosepiece does not ship with any objective thread adapters and is attached to a motorized focusing module via the CSA1200 Mounting Arm (sold separately). Recessed magnets on the CSA1200 arm mate to the bellows included with Cerna microscope bodies with epi-illumination arms, creating a light-tight optical path between the nosepiece and the epi-illumination arm.



The CSN1202 nosepiece retracts the objective that is not in use. It attaches to the motorized focusing module via the CSA1200 mounting arm, which is sold separately. For clarity, the nosepiece is shown here with objectives and objective prisms installed; these items are not included with the nosepiece.

Click to Enlarge





Click for Details The CSN1301 nosepiece can be mounted in two orientations. It attaches to the motorized focusing module via the CSA1300 mounting arm, which is sold separately. For clarity, the nosepiece is shown here with objectives installed; these items are not included with the nosepiece. Note also that the bellows shown here is longer than the standard bellows included with a microscope body.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
CSN1301	Nosepiece for 2 Objectives, M32 x 0.75 Threads, 30 mm Cage Compatible	\$2,538.78	Today
CSA1300	Mounting Arm for CSN1301 Nosepiece	\$450.00	Today
CSN1202	Nosepiece for 2 Objectives, M25 x 0.75 Threads	\$1,868.64	Today
CSA1200	Mounting Arm for CSN1201 and CSN1202 Nosepieces	\$265.00	Today

Hide Piezo Objective Scanner and Paired Controller

Piezo Objective Scanner and Paired Controller

- Enables Objective Positioning and Z-Stack Acquisition with Resolution Down to 1 nm
- Travel Range: 600 µm ± 10% in Open Loop; 450 µm in Closed Loop
- Support for Heavy Objectives up to 500 g
- Maximum Clear Aperture of Ø29.0 mm Supports Large-Field-of-View Objectives
- Requires Microscope and Objective Adapters (Sold Separately)





The scanner is installed by threading a brass adapter into the microscope's objective holder with the included spanner wrench and tightening a flexure clamp around the adapter with the included 5/64" (2 mm) hex key. The objective is attached to the scanner using a separate brass adapter and flexure clamp.

The PFM450E Piezo Objective Positioner is designed for fine focus adjustment and high-speed Z-stack acquisition. Built-in capacitive feedback sensors allow the scanner to provide 1 nm resolution in open-loop operation and 3 nm resolution in closed-loop operation, enabling active compensation for short- and long-term drifts.

In order to permit easy switching between objectives, the piezo stage is attached to the microscope and objective by independent adapters. This design choice allows the objective to be removed without disconnecting the rest of the assembly. Adapters are available for M32 x 0.75, M27 x 0.75, SM1 (1.035"-40), M26 x 0.706, M25 x 0.75, and RMS (0.800"-36) threads. At least one microscope adapter and one objective adapter are required to install the scanner.

Each scanner is shipped with a piezo controller that has been factory calibrated to the specific scanner. Objective positioning is supported through the included standalone Kinesis[®] and APT[™] GUIs, our ThorImageLS[™] image acquisition software, an externally supplied control voltage, or the MZF001 Joystick Console (sold separately). The controller offers USB and RS-232 interfaces for computer control; a BNC input for sine, sawtooth, and square wave drive signals; a BNC output that gives either positioning feedback from the scanner's built-in capacitive sensors or a signal proportional to the piezo drive voltage; and a connector for the MZF001 joystick. In addition, a DB15 connector provides signals that can be used for synchronization with external equipment.

More details on this scanner are available at its full web presentation. Please note that if installing it on the CSN1301 Dual-Objective Nosepiece, the piezo stage and two adapters will add 11.5 mm of distance to the optical path, which will affect the objectives' parfocality. Also note that this scanner is not compatible with the CSN1202 Dual-Objective Nosepiece, as the flange on the PFMA05 Microscope Adapter will mechanically clash with the neighboring objective.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
PFM450E	Piezo Objective Scanner and Paired Controller	\$9,394.20	Today
PFMA01	Microscope Adapter for Piezo Objective Scanner, External M32 x 0.75 Threads	\$83.39	Today
PFMA01E	Microscope Adapter for Piezo Objective Scanner, External M32 x 0.75 Threads, Extended Flange	\$83.39	Today

PFMA03	Microscope Adapter for Piezo Objective Scanner, External M27 x 0.75 Threads	\$83.39	Today
PFMA09	Microscope Adapter for Piezo Objective Scanner, External SM1 Threads	\$83.39	Today
PFMA11	Customer Inspired! Microscope Adapter for Piezo Objective Scanner, External M26 x 0.706 Threads	\$91.80	Today
PFMA05	Microscope Adapter for Piezo Objective Scanner, External M25 x 0.75 Threads	\$83.39	Today
PFMA07	Microscope Adapter for Piezo Objective Scanner, External RMS Threads	\$83.39	Today
PFMA02	Objective Adapter for Piezo Objective Scanner, Internal M32 x 0.75 Threads	\$65.79	Today
PFMA04	Objective Adapter for Piezo Objective Scanner, Internal M27 x 0.75 Threads	\$64.52	Today
PFMA10	Objective Adapter for Piezo Objective Scanner, Internal SM1 Threads	\$64.52	Today
PFMA12	Customer Inspired! Objective Adapter for Piezo Objective Scanner, Internal M26 x 0.706 Threads	\$70.89	Today
PFMA06	Objective Adapter for Piezo Objective Scanner, Internal M25 x 0.75 Threads	\$64.52	Today
PFMA08	Objective Adapter for Piezo Objective Scanner, Internal RMS Threads	\$64.52	Today

Hide SM2-Threaded Holder for Macro Lenses

SM2-Threaded Holder for Macro Lenses



- Nosepiece and Adapter Together Mount Nikon F-Mount Macro Lenses
- CSA2100: Internal SM2 (2.035"-40) Threads and 4-40 Taps for 60 mm Cage System
- SM2NFM: Female Nikon F-Mount and External SM2 Threads
- Attach to Motorized Focusing Module for 1" of Fine Z Travel

The CSA2100 Arm is designed to be mounted in a DIY Cerna system via the motorized focusing modules sold below. When combined with the SM2NFM Nikon F-Mount Adapter, it allows a Nikon F-Mount macro lens, or any camera lens with an F-Mount, to be mounted at the Cerna system's 7.74" throat depth.

This arm offers a slim 0.38" profile, internal SM2 (2.035"-40) threads, and four 4-40 through taps for Thorlabs' 60 mm cage system. The SM2NFM adapter has a female F-Mount that accepts a lens and external SM2 threads that mate to the nosepiece. More details on this adapter and a version with a male F-Mount are available at its full web presentation.



Click to Enlarge When the CSA2100 is attached to the microscope body, the internal SM2 threads and taps for 60 mm cage systems will be centered around the microscope's 7.74" throat depth.



Click to Enlarge In this photo, our SM2NFM Nikon F-Mount Adapter is holding a macro lens for functional imaging.

The use of our standard SM2 threads also makes this arm compatible with any custom optical system mounted using our Ø2" lens tubes, as well as the CSA2001 D3N Dovetail Adapter.

To connect multiple macro lenses in tandem, as shown in the image to the right, consider using the M52A1 coupler to secure two M52 \times 0.75-threaded lenses together.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
CSA2100	Arm, Internal SM2 Threads, 60 mm Cage Compatible	\$145.00	Today
SM2NFM	Adapter with External SM2 Threads and Nikon Female F-Mount Ring	\$93.08	Today

Hide Motorized Focusing Modules with 1" Travel

Motorized Focusing Modules with 1" Travel

- Provides Motorized Focusing Adjustment over 1" Travel Range
- 95 mm Dovetail Clamp on Back Connects to Microscope Body
- Includes Six M4 Cap Screws for Attaching Objective Nosepiece or Mounting Arm
- Aligns Optical Port of Nosepiece at 7.74" Throat Depth of DIY Cerna System
- Operated by MCM3001 3-Axis Controller (Sold Separately)

Motorized Translation Stage Specifications ^a				
Travel Range	1" (25.4 mm)			
Bidirectional Repeatability	1 µm			
Backlash	1 µm			
Minimum Achievable Incremental Movement	100 nm			
Minimum Achievable Repeatable Movement	200 nm			

Our Motorized Focusing Modules provide 1" of fine, variable-speed travel along the Z axis for optics in a DIY Cerna system. Each module consists of a 95 mm dovetail clamp that connects to the microscope body, a motorized translation stage, and a mounting bracket with six M4 tapped holes. As shown in the image below, these six M4 taps are spaced to directly mate with the M4 counterbores on our objective nosepieces or mounting arms. A permanently attached 6' (1.8 m) cable connects the module to our MCM3001 3-Axis Controller (sold separately below).

We offer two versions of these stepper motor modules in order to allow the user to mount the nosepiece in whatever manner makes the most efficient use of space. As shown in the drawing below, a nosepiece or arm that is mounted to the ZFM2020 Motorized Module will have one surface in the same plane as the edge of the module. Since this module can be secured to the microscope body in either of two orientations, both of which are shown in the image below, the nosepiece can be positioned at the top or the bottom. In comparison, a nosepiece or arm that is mounted to the ZFM2030 Motorized Module will have one surface in the plane that bisects the module, which is 1.5" away from the module's edge.

Velocity (Max)	7 mm/s
Acceleration (Max)	11 mm/s ²
Cable Length	6' (1.8 m)
Pin Diagram	Click to View
Load Capacity	
Stage Mounted to Vertical Rail ^b	Recommended: ≤10 lbs (4.5 kg) Maximum: 10 lbs (4.5 kg)
Stage Mounted to Horizontal Rail	Recommended: ≤33.5 lbs (15.2 kg) Maximum: 42 lbs (19.1 kg)
Stepper Motor Specifications	

ativhe ZFM2020 and ZFM2030 modules use the same motorized translation stage.

b. This is the orientation shown in the pictures below.

If purchasing a motorized focusing module for the CSN1301 Dual-Objective Nosepiece (described above), it is strongly recommended to choose the ZFM2030 module. The CSA1300 Mounting Arm, which is used to attach this nosepiece to the motorized focusing module, will mechanically clash with the ZFM2020 module in most mounting configurations.

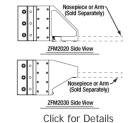
When any of the nosepieces available above is used with one of these modules, its optical port will be aligned at the 7.74" throat depth of the DIY Cerna system. The ZFM2020 and ZFM2030 modules use the same motorized translation stage; its specifications are given in the table to the right.



Click to Enlarge Our motorized focusing modules attach to objective nosepieces using six M4 cap screws.



Click to Enlarge The ZFM2020 module has two possible orientations, creating space along the optical path for an objective attached to a nosepiece.



When using the ZFM2020 module, the surface of the nosepiece or arm will be flush with the bottom (or top) of the module.

When using the ZFM2030 module, the surface of the nosepiece or arm will be at the middle of

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
ZFM2020	Motorized Module with 1" Travel for Edge-Mounted Arms	\$1,895.00	Today
ZFM2030	Motorized Module with 1" Travel for Middle-Mounted Arms	\$1,895.00	Today

Hide Motion Controller for Cerna Components with 1" Travel Range

Motion Controller for Cerna Components with 1" Travel Range

- Designed for Cerna Components with 1" Motorized Travel
- Knobs Provide Hand-Operated Control for up to Three Axes
 Each Axis can be Individually Disabled to Prevent
- Disabled to Prevent Unintended Movements or to Retain a Position
- Adjust Translation Speed via Top-Located Knob

Motorized Focusing Modules Translation Stages for Rigid Stands

Compatible Stages

Controller Specifications

Compatible Motor Specifications



Click to Enlarge MCM3001 Being Used to Control Both Axes of the PLS-XY and a ZFM2020 Focusing Module

The MCM3001 3-Axis Controller consists of a hand-operated knob box and a separate controller, as shown in the photo to the right.

Each side face of the knob box includes a rotating knob and a push-button switch that are dedicated to a single axis. The push-button switch enables and disables the axis, and is lit in green when the axis is enabled. Disabling the axis lets the user preserve a position or prevent accidental movements. A smaller knob on the top face adjusts the amount of translation per rotation of the knob (see the Controller Specifications table for details).

Since each MCM3001 controller has three channels, you only need to purchase enough channels for each of the modules you intend to drive. For example, a Cerna microscope equipped with a ZFM2020 Motorized Focusing Module (which has one axis) and a PLS-XY Translation Stage (two axes) would only require one MCM3001 controller.

The MCM3001 is compatible with motorized Cerna components that have a travel range of 1", such as our Motorized Focusing Modules and Translation Stages for Rigid Stands; see the Compatible Motor Specifications table for use with alternate motorized products. For components with a 2" travel range, such as our Translating Platforms, the MCM3002 controller should be used instead. If you would like a controller configured to drive more than one type of stage, please contact Tech Support.

SDK and LabVIEW examples are also available by contacting Tech Support.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
MCM3001	Three-Channel Controller and Knob Box for 1" Cerna Travel Stages	\$3,175.26	Today

