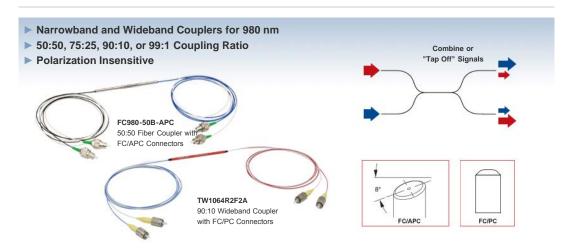
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FC980-90B-APC - November 28, 2016

Item # FC980-90B-APC was discontinued on November 28, 2016. For informational purposes, this is a copy of the website content at that time and is valid only for the stated product.

980 NM. SINGLE MODE FUSED FIBER OPTIC COUPLERS / TAPS



TW1064R5A2A Red Port (Tap Output

Click for Details
Each coupler is engraved with the Item #, serial number, and key specifications for easy identification.

When the white port on the left is used as the input, the coupling ratios listed below correspond to the ratio of the measured output power from the white (signal

output) port to the red (tap output) port.

Hide Overview

OVERVIEW

Features

- Fused Fiber Optic Couplers for Use at 980 nm
- · Three Wavelength
 - Ranges Available Narrowband:
 - 980 ± 15 nm
 - Wideband: 930 ± 100 nm
- Wideband: 1064 ± 100 nm with 0.14 NA or 0.22 NA Fiber
- 50:50, 75:25, 90:10, or 99:1 Split Ratios Available
- · Bidirectional Coupling (Either End Can Be Used as an Input)
- · Couplers Shipped with Individual Test Reports (See the Coupler Verification Tab for Details on Wideband Coupler Testing)
- · Contact Us for Custom Wavelength, Coupling Ratio, and Connector Options

Thorlabs offers a wide range of narrowband and wideband single mode 2x2 fused fiber optic couplers, as highlighted in the table to the right. Couplers that can be used at 980 nm with coupling ratios of 50:50, 75:25, 90:10, or 99:1 are featured below.

980 nm narrowband couplers with a ±15 nm bandwidth offer low insertion loss performance at the center wavelength. Wideband couplers with a center wavelength of 930 nm or 1064 nm are also available The 1064 nm wideband couplers are designed for a ±100 nm operating range with the option of 0.14 NA fiber (HI1060) or 0.22 NA fiber (HI1060 FLEX). All the couplers on this page are bidirectional, allowing any port to be used as an input (refer to the 2x2 Coupling Examples tab above).

Thorlabs provides an individual test data sheet with each coupler. Our wideband couplers feature a detailed test report that includes coupling data and performance graphs that extend outside of the specified bandwidth, covering the wavelength range where the coupling ratio remains within the specified tolerance. Details of our wideband coupler testing procedures are provided on the Coupler Verification tab and sample data sheets for our 1064 nm (0.14 NA) and 1064 nm (0.22 NA) wideband couplers are available

Center Wavelength Bandwidth 470 nm ±40 nm 488 nm ±15 nm 532 nm ±15 nm 560 nm ±50 nm 630 nm ±50 nm 670 nm ±75 nm 780 nm ±15 nm 805 nm ±75 nm 830 nm ±15 nm 850 nm ±100 nm 1430 nm ±100 nm 1550 nm ±100 nm 1650 nm ±100 nm 2000 nm ±200 nm 1310 nm/1550 nm

2x2 SM Fiber Optic Coupler Selection Guide

a. Green shading denotes wideband couplers.

These couplers are all offered from stock with 2.0 mm narrow key FC/PC or FC/APC connectors. The narrowband couplers on this page are also available with no connectors. Fiber leads are jacketed in Ø900 µm Hytrel® tubing. If a custom connector configuration is needed, one-day turnaround is possible for small orders if the order is placed before 12 PM EST. Please contact Tech Support for inquiries.

Our complete selection of 2x2 SM couplers is outlined in the table to the right and on the SM Coupler Guide tab.

	Alternative Fiber Coupler Options										
Double-Clad Couplers Single Mode Couplers Multimode Couplers Polarization-Maintaining Couplers					Wavelength Division						
2x2	1x2	2x2	1x4	1x4 Graded-Index 1x2 Step-Index 2x2 1x2 2x2		Multiplexers (WDM)					

Hide 2x2 Coupler Tutorial

2X2 COUPLER TUTORIAL

Definition of 2x2 Fused Fiber Optic Coupler Specifications

This tab provides a brief explanation of how we determine several key specifications for our 2x2 couplers. The ports of the coupler are defined as shown in the coupler schematic below. In the sections below, the light is input into port 1. Ports 3 and port 4 would then be considered the signal and tap outputs, respectively.



Excess Loss

Excess loss in dB is determined by the ratio of the total input power to the total output power:

$$\mathsf{Excess}\;\mathsf{Loss}(dB) = 10\log\frac{P_{port1}(mW)}{P_{port3}(mW) + P_{port4}(mW)}$$

P_{port1} is the input power at port 1 and P_{port3}+P_{port4} is the total output power from Ports 3 and 4, assuming no input power at port 2. All powers are expressed in mW

Optical Return Loss (ORL) / Directivity

The directivity refers to the fraction of input light that exits the coupler through an input port (i.e., light exiting at port 2) instead of the intended output port. It can be calculated in units of dB using the following equation:

$$\mathsf{Directivity}(dB) = 10 \log \frac{P_{port1}(mW)}{P_{port2}(mW)}$$

where P_{port1} and P_{port2} are the optical powers (in mW) in port 1 and port 2, respectively. This output is the result of back reflection at the junction of the legs of the coupler and represents a loss in the total light output at ports 3 and 4. For a 50:50 coupler, the directivity is equal to the optical return loss (ORL).

Insertion Loss

The insertion loss is defined as the ratio of the input power to the output power at one of the output legs of the coupler (signal or tap). Insertion loss is always specified in decibels (dB). It is generally defined using the equation below:

Insertion Loss(
$$dB$$
) = $10 \log \frac{P_{in}(mW)}{P_{out}(mW)}$

where P_{in} and P_{out} are the input and output powers (in mW). For our 2x2 couplers, the insertion loss specification is provided for both signal and tap outputs; our specifications always list insertion loss for the signal output first. To define the insertion loss for a specific output (port 3 or port 4), the equation is rewritten

$$\text{Insertion Loss}_{port1 \rightarrow port3}(dB) = 10 \log \frac{P_{port1}(mW)}{P_{port3}(mW)}$$

$$\text{Insertion Loss}_{port1 \rightarrow port4}(dB) = 10 \log \frac{P_{port1}(mW)}{P_{port4}(mW)}$$

A similar equation can be used to define the insertion loss at port 2 for input at port 1. However, as seen above, this is already defined as the directivity of the coupler.

Insertion loss inherently includes both coupling (e.g., light transferred to the other output leg) and excess loss (e.g., light lost from the coupler) effects. The maximum allowed insertion loss for each output, signal and tap, are both specified. Because the insertion loss in each output is correlated to light coupled to the other output, no coupler will ever have the maximum insertion loss in both outputs simultaneously.

Calculating Insertion Loss using Power Expressed in dBm

Insertion loss can also be easily calculated with the power expressed in units of dBm. The equation below shows the relationship between power expressed in mW and dBm:

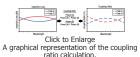
$$P(dBm) = 10 \log P(mW)$$

Then, the insertion loss in dB can be calculated as follows:

Insertion Loss
$$(dB) = P_{in}(dBm) - P_{out}(dBm)$$

Coupling Ratio

Insertion loss (in dB) is the ratio of the input power to the output power from each leg of the coupler as a function of wavelength. It captures both the coupling ratio and the excess loss. The coupling ratio is calculated from the measured insertion loss. Coupling ratio (in %) is the ratio of the optical power from each output port (A and B) to the sum of the total power of both output ports as a function of wavelength. It is not impacted by spectral features such as the water absorption region because both output legs are affected equally. Persistence plots showing the coupling ratio of our wideband couplers can be viewed by clicking on the blue info icons below.



Uniformity

The uniformity is also calculated from the measured insertion loss. Uniformity is the variation (in dB) of the insertion loss over the bandwidth. It is a measure of how evenly the insertion loss is distributed over the spectral range. The uniformity of Path A is the difference between the value of highest insertion loss and the solid red insertion loss curve (in the Insertion Plot above). The uniformity of Path B is the difference between the solid blue insertion loss curve and the value of lowest insertion loss. Persistence plots showing the uniformity of our wideband couplers can be viewed by clicking on the blue info icons below.



Hide 2x2 Coupling Examples

2X2 COUPLING EXAMPLES&NBSP

General Coupling Examples

Animated example of 90:10 splitting and 50:50 mixing.

2x2 fused fiber optic couplers can split or mix light between two optical fibers with minimal loss and at a specified coupling ratio. Thorlabs' couplers are available from stock in one of four ratios: 50:50, 75:25, 90:10, or 99:1. All of our fused fiber optic couplers are bidirectional, meaning that all ports can be used as an input. The animation to the right shows several simple coupling examples.

The terms "Signal Output" and "Tap Output" refer to the higher and lower power outputs, respectively. To illustrate this, if light is input into the white port of the TW1064R1A2A coupler (99:1 coupling ratio), 99% of the transmitted light is coupled into the white port on the other side of the coupler while the other 1% is coupled into the red port. In this example, the second white port is referred to as the signal output port, and the red port is referred to as a tap output port. For a 50:50 coupler, the signal and tap ports would have the same power output.

In our wideband couplers, the signal always propagates from blue to red or white to white, while the tap always propagates from blue to white or white to red. For our narrowband couplers, please refer to the datasheet included with the coupler to determine signal and tap propagation paths.

Specific Coupling Examples

In the examples below, two 2x2 1300 nm Wideband Fiber Optic Couplers (50:50 and 90:10 coupling ratios) are used with input signals A and B. The table to the right lists typical insertion loss (signal and tap outputs) for each coupler. To calculate the power at any given output, subtract the insertion loss for the signal or tap output from the input power (in dBm).

Coupling Ratio	Insertion Loss (Signal)	Insertion Loss (Tap)
90:10	0.6 dB	10.1 dB
50:50	3.2 dB	3.2 dB

Example 1: Splitting Light from a Single Input

For this example, the couplers are used to split light from a single input into the signal and tap outputs as indicated in the diagrams below. In the table below, the output ports are highlighted in green.

	90:10 Coupling Ratio	50:50 Coupling Ratio
Port	Signal A	Signal A
1 (Input)	10 dBm (10 mW)	10 dBm (10 mW)
2 (Not Used)	-	-
3 (Signal Output)	9.4 dBm (8.7 mW)	6.8 dBm (4.8 mW)
4 (Tap Output)	-0.1 dBm (1.0 mW)	6.8 dBm (4.8 mW)
Click on the Diagram for Power Distributions at Each Port	Port 3: Output A (Signal) 90:10 Coupling Ratio Port 1: Input A Port 4: Output A (Tap)	Port 3: Output A (Signal) 50:50 Coupling Ratio

Example 2: Mixing Two Signals from Two Inputs

In this example, the couplers are used to mix light from two inputs, designated Signal A and Signal B. The outputs contain a mixed signal composed of both Signal A and Signal B in ratios depending on the coupling ratio. All ports are indicated in the diagrams below. In the table below, the output ports are highlighted in green.

	90:10 Cou	pling Ratio	50:50 Coupling Ratio			
Port	Signal A	Signal B	Signal A	Signal B		
1 (Input A)	5 dBm (3.2 mW)	-	5 dBm (3.2 mW) -			
2 (Input B)	-	8 dBm (6.3 mW)	-	8 dBm (6.3 mW)		
3 (Output)	4.4 dBm (2.8 mW)	-2.1 dBm (0.6 mW)	1.6 dBm (1.4 mW)	4.8 dBm (3.0 mW)		
4 (Output)	-5.1 dBm (0.3 mW)	7.4 dBm (5.5 mW)	1.6 dBm (1.4 mW)	4.8 dBm (3.0 mW)		
Click on the Diagram						

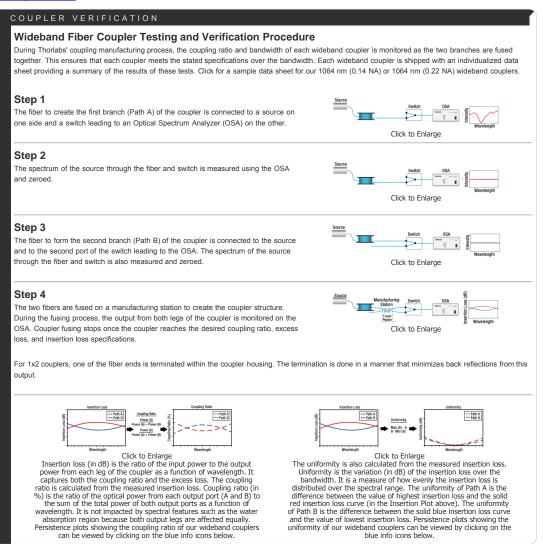
Port 3: Output A (Signal) Port 2: Input B Port 2: Input B 90:10 Coupling Ratio 50:50 Coupling Ratio for Power Distributions at Each Port Port 1: Input A Port 1: Input A

Example 3: Coupling a Return Signal with a Reflector on Port 4

Here, the couplers are used to split light from a single input, however, in this example there is a 100% reflector on port 4, as shown in the diagrams below. As a result, the light is reflected back into the coupler and split again. The ports are indicated in the diagrams below. In the table below, the output ports for the initial pass are highlighted in green.

	90:10 Coupling Re	atio	50:50 Coupling I	Ratio
Port	Signal A	Reflected Signal A	Signal A	Reflected Signal A
1 (Input)	6 dBm (4.0 mW)	-14.2 dBm (0.04 mW)	6 dBm (4.0 mW)	-0.4 dBm (0.9 mW)
2 (No Input)	-	-4.7 dBm (0.34 mW)	-	-0.4 dBm (0.9 mW)
3 (Signal Output)	5.4 dBm (3.5 mW)	-	2.8 dBm (1.9 mW)	-
4 (Reflected Output)	-4.1 dBm (0.39 mW) Reflected		2.8 dBm (1.9 mW) Reflected	-
Click on the Diagram for Power Distributions at Each Port	Port 2: Reflected A (Signal) 90:10 Coupling Rate Port 1: Input A Port 1: Reflected A (Tap)	Port 3: Output A (Signal) io Port 4: Output A (Tap)	Port 1: Input A Fort 1: Input A Fort 1: Reflected A (Tap)	Port 3: Output A (Signal) io Port 4: Output A (Tap)

Hide Coupler Verification

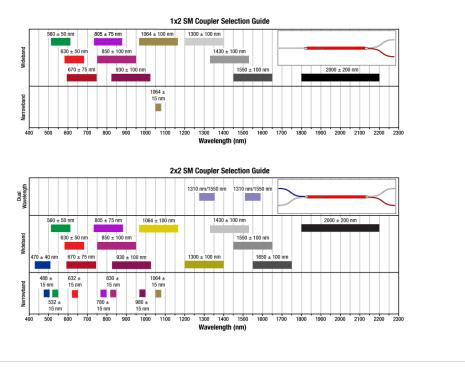


Hide SM Coupler Guide

SM COUPLER GUIDE

Our 1x2 and 2x2 Single Mode Coupler offerings are outlined in the graphs below. Click on the colored bars to visit the web presentation for each coupler

blue info icons below



Hide 50:50 Fiber Optic Couplers

50:50 Fiber Optic Couplers

Thorlabs offers both narrowband and wideband fiber optic couplers. All specifications are measured without connectors during the manufacturing process.

Additional information on the testing process for our wideband couplers can be found on the Coupler Verification tab above. Our wideband couplers are highlighted green in the table below.

Item #	Info	Center Wavelength	Bandwidth	Coupling Ratio ^a	Coupling Ratio Tolerance	Insertion Loss (dB) ^a	Excess Loss ^a	Uniformity ^a	Fiber Type ^b	Termination
TW930R5F2 ^c	0	930 nm	±100 nm	50:50	±6.0%	≤3.9 dB / ≤3.9 dB	<0.3 4B	≤1.0 dB	780HP	FC/PC
TW930R5A2 ^c	0	930 nm	±100 nm	(Click for Plot)	±0.076	-0.0 dB / -0.0 dB	≥0.5 ub	(Click for Plot)	700111	FC/APC
FC980-50B	0					3.5 dB / 3.5 dB	0.12 dB		HI1060 FLEX	No Connectors, Scissor Cut
FC980-50B-FC	0	980 nm	0 nm	50:50	-	(Typ.)	(Typ.)	-	(0.22 NA)	FC/PC
FC980-50B-APC	0									FC/APC
TW1064R5F2A ^{c,d}	0	1064 nm	±100 nm	50:50	±5.0%	≤3.7 dB / ≤3.7 dB	<0.2 dB	≤0.5 dB	HI1060	FC/PC
TW1064R5A2A ^{c,d}	0	1004 1111	1100 11111	(Click for Plot)	15.070	25.7 db / 25.7 db	30.2 UD	(Click for Plot)	(0.14 NA)	FC/APC
TW1064R5F2B ^{c,d}	0	1064 nm	±100 nm	50:50	±5.0%	≤3.7 dB / ≤3.7 dB	<0.2 dB	≤0.5 dB	HI1060 FLEX	FC/PC
TW1064R5A2B ^{c,d}	0	1004 1111	±100 nm	(Click for Plot	±5.0%	≥3.7 QB / ≥3.7 QB	≥0.∠ 0B	(Click for Plot)	(0.22 NA)	FC/APC

- Please see the 2x2 Coupler Tutorial tab for more information on these terms.
- Other fiber types may be available upon request. Please contact Tech Support with inquiries.
- All values are specified at room temperature over the bandwidth and measured using the white port as the input, as indicated in the diagram above; similar performance is achieved (<0.05 dB difference) when the blue port is used as the input.
- Below the cut-off wavelength, single mode operation is not guaranteed (click on the blue info icon for more information).

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
TW930R5F2	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 930 ± 100 nm, 50:50 Split, FC/PC	\$310.00	Today
TW930R5A2	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 930 ± 100 nm, 50:50 Split, FC/APC	\$350.00	Today
FC980-50B	2x2 Fiber Optic Coupler, 980 ± 15 nm, 0.22 NA, 50:50 Split, No Connectors	\$135.00	3-5 Days
FC980-50B-FC	2x2 Fiber Optic Coupler, 980 ± 15 nm, 0.22 NA, 50:50 Split, FC/PC	\$170.00	3-5 Days
FC980-50B-APC	2x2 Fiber Optic Coupler, 980 ± 15 nm, 0.22 NA, 50:50 Split, FC/APC	\$210.00	3-5 Days
TW1064R5F2A	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 1064 ± 100 nm, 0.14 NA, 50:50 Split, FC/PC	\$310.00	Today
TW1064R5A2A	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 1064 ± 100 nm, 0.14 NA, 50:50 Split, FC/APC	\$350.00	Today
TW1064R5F2B	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 1064 ± 100 nm, 0.22 NA, 50:50 Split, FC/PC	\$310.00	Today
TW1064R5A2B	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 1064 ± 100 nm, 0.22 NA, 50:50 Split, FC/APC	\$350.00	Today

Hide 75:25 Fiber Optic Couplers

75:25 Fiber Optic Couplers

Thorlabs offers both narrowband and wideband fiber optic couplers. All specifications are measured without connectors during the manufacturing process.

Additional information on the testing process for our wideband couplers can be found on the Coupler Verification tab above. Our wideband couplers are highlighted green in the table below.

		Center		Coupling	Coupling Ratio	Insertion	Excess			
Item #	Info	Wavelength	Bandwidth	Ratio ^a	Tolerance	Loss ^a	Lossa	Uniformity ^a	Fiber Type ^b	Termination

TW930R3F2 ^c	0			75:25				≤1.25 dB		FC/PC		
TW930R3A2c	0	930 nm	±100 nm	(Click for Plot)	±3.75%	≤1.8 dB / ≤7.0 dB	≤0.3 dB	(Click for Plot)	780HP	FC/APC		
TN980R3F2B ^{c,d}	0	980 nm	±15 nm	75:25	±3.0%	≤1.6 dB / ≤6.8 dB	≤0.2 dB		HI1060 FLEX	FC/PC		
TN980R3A2B ^{c,d}	0		±1311111	(Click for Plot)	±3.0 /6	21.0 db / 20.0 db	30.2 GD		(0.22 NA)	FC/APC		
TW1064R3F2A ^{c,d}	0	1064 nm	1400	75:25	±3.5%	44.7 dD / 40.0 dD	<0.0 dD	≤0.6 dB	HI1060	FC/PC		
TW1064R3A2A ^{c,d}	0				±100 nm	(Click for Plot)	±3.5%	≤1.7 dB / ≤6.9 dB	≤0.2 dB	(Click for Plot)	(0.14 NA)	FC/APC
TW1064R3F2Bc,d	0	1064 nm	1064 nm 📗 🖠	1004	004	75:25	.0.50/	14 7 10 / 10 0 10	10 0 ID	≤0.6 dB	HI1060 FLEX	FC/PC
TW1064R3A2B ^{c,d}	0			±100 nm	(Click for Plot)	±3.5%	≤1.7 dB / ≤6.9 dB	≤0.2 dB	(Click for Plot)	(0.22 NA)	FC/APC	

- Please see the 2x2 Coupler Tutorial tab for more information on these terms.
- Other fiber types may be available upon request. Please contact Tech Support with inquiries.
- All values are specified at room temperature over the bandwidth and measured using the white port as the input, as indicated in the diagram above; similar performance is achieved (≤0.05 dB difference) when the blue port is used as the input.
- Below the cut-off wavelength, single mode operation is not guaranteed (click on the blue info icon for more information).

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
TW930R3F2	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 930 ± 100 nm, 75:25 Split, FC/PC	\$310.00	Today
TW930R3A2	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 930 ± 100 nm, 75:25 Split, FC/APC	\$350.00	Today
TN980R3F2B	NEW! 2x2 Narrowband Fiber Optic Coupler, 980 ± 15 nm, 0.22 NA, 75:25 Split, FC/PC	\$170.00	Today
TN980R3A2B	NEW! 2x2 Narrowband Fiber Optic Coupler, 980 ± 15 nm, 0.22 NA, 75:25 Split, FC/APC	\$210.00	Today
TW1064R3F2A	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 1064 ± 100 nm, 0.14 NA, 75:25 Split, FC/PC	\$310.00	Today
TW1064R3A2A	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 1064 ± 100 nm, 0.14 NA, 75:25 Split, FC/APC	\$350.00	Today
TW1064R3F2B	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 1064 ± 100 nm, 0.22 NA, 75:25 Split, FC/PC	\$310.00	Today
TW1064R3A2B	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 1064 ± 100 nm, 0.22 NA, 75:25 Split, FC/APC	\$350.00	Today

Hide 90:10 Fiber Optic Couplers

90:10 Fiber Optic Couplers

Thorlabs offers both narrowband and wideband fiber optic couplers. All specifications are measured without connectors during the manufacturing process.

Additional information on the testing process for our wideband couplers can be found on the Coupler Verification tab above. Our wideband couplers are highlighted green in the table below.

Item #	Info	Center Wavelength	Bandwidth	Coupling Ratio ^a	Coupling Ratio Tolerance	Insertion Loss (dB) ^a	Excess Loss ^a	Uniformity ^a	Fiber Type ^b	Termination												
TW930R2F2 ^c	0					90:10		≤0.9 dB / ≤11.8		≤2.0 dB		FC/PC										
TW930R2A2 ^c	0	930 nm	±100 nm	(Click for Plot)	±3.0%	dB	≤0.3 dB	(Click for Plot)	780HP	FC/APC												
FC980-90B	0	980 nm	±15 nm	90:10	-	0.7 dB / 10.5 dB	0.12 dB	_	HI1060 FLEX	No Connectors, Scissor Cut												
FC980-90B-FC	0					(Typ.)	(Typ.)		(0.22 NA)	FC/PC												
FC980-90B-APC	0									FC/APC												
TW1064R2F2A ^{c,d}	0	1064 nm		4004	4004	1004	1001	1001	1064 nm	1064 nm	1064 nm	1064 pm	4004	1064 pm	±100 nm	90:10	.0.50/	≤0.8 dB / ≤11.4	<0.0 dD	≤0.6 dB	HI1060	FC/PC
TW1064R2A2A ^{c,d}	0		±100 nm	(Click for Plot)	±2.5%	dB	≤0.2 dB	(Click for Plot)	(0.14 NA)	FC/APC												
TW1064R2F2B ^{c,d}	0					90:10		≤0.8 dB / ≤11.4		≤0.7 dB	HI1060	FC/PC										
TW1064R2A2B ^{c,d}	0	1064 nm	±100 nm	nm (Click for Plot)	±2.5%	dB	≤0.2 dB	(Click for Plot)	(0.22 NA)	FC/APC												

- a. Please see the 2x2 Coupler Tutorial tab for more information on these terms.
- b. Other fiber types may be available upon request. Please contact Tech Support with inquiries.
- c. All values are specified at room temperature over the bandwidth and measured using the white port as the input, as indicated in the diagram above; similar performance is achieved (<0.05 dB difference) when the blue port is used as the input.
- d. Below the cut-off wavelength, single mode operation is not guaranteed (click on the blue info icon for more information).

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
TW930R2F2	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 930 ± 100 nm, 90:10 Split, FC/PC	\$310.00	Today
TW930R2A2	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 930 ± 100 nm, 90:10 Split, FC/APC	\$350.00	Today
FC980-90B	2x2 Fiber Optic Coupler, 980 ± 15 nm, 0.22 NA, 90:10 Split, No Connectors	\$135.00	Lead Time
FC980-90B-FC	2x2 Fiber Optic Coupler, 980 ± 15 nm, 0.22 NA, 90:10 Split, FC/PC	\$170.00	3-5 Days
FC980-90B-APC	2x2 Fiber Optic Coupler, 980 ± 15 nm, 0.22 NA, 90:10 Split, FC/APC	\$210.00	3-5 Days
TW1064R2F2A	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 1064 ± 100 nm, 0.14 NA, 90:10 Split, FC/PC	\$310.00	Today
TW1064R2A2A	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 1064 ± 100 nm, 0.14 NA, 90:10 Split, FC/APC	\$350.00	Today
TW1064R2F2B	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 1064 ± 100 nm, 0.22 NA, 90:10 Split, FC/PC	\$310.00	Today
TW1064R2A2B	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 1064 ± 100 nm, 0.22 NA, 90:10 Split, FC/APC	\$350.00	Today

Hide 99:1 Fiber Optic Couplers

99:1 Fiber Optic Couplers

Thorlabs offers both narrowband and wideband fiber optic couplers. All specifications are measured without connectors during the manufacturing process.

Additional information on the testing process for our wideband couplers can be found on the Coupler Verification tab above. Our wideband couplers are highlighted green in the table below.

Item #	Info	Center Wavelength	Bandwidth	Coupling Ratio ^a	Coupling Ratio Tolerance	Insertion Loss (dB) ^a	Excess Loss ^a	Uniformity ^a	Fiber Type ^b	Termination
TW930R1F2 ^c	0	930 nm	±100 nm	99:1 (Click for Plot)	±0.6%	≤0.4 dB / ≤24.3 dB	≤0.3 dB	≤3.0 dB (Click for Plot)	780HP	FC/PC
TW930R1A2 ^c	0									FC/APC
TN980R1F2B ^{c,d}	0	980 nm	±15 nm	99:1 (Click for Plot)	±0.3%	≤0.3 dB / ≤21.7 dB	≤0.2 dB	-	HI1060 FLEX (0.22 NA)	FC/PC
TN980R1A2B ^{c,d}	0									FC/APC
TW1064R1F2A ^{c,d}	0	- 1064 nm ±100 nm	1400 nm	99:1	±0.6%	≤0.3 dB / ≤24.2 dB	<0.2 4B	≤1.0 dB	HI1060	FC/PC
TW1064R1A2Ac,d	0		(Click for Plot)	10.0%	20.3 ub / \$24.2 ub	≥0.2 UB	(Click for Plot)	(0.14 NA)	FC/APC	
TW1064R1F2Bc,d	0	1064 nm	±100 nm	99:1	±0.6%	≤0.3 dB / ≤24.2 dB	<0.2 dB	≤1.0 dB	HI1060 FLEX	FC/PC
TW1064R1A2Bc,d	0	1004 1111	±100 IIII	(Click for Plot)	±0.076	30.5 dB / 324.2 dB	≥0.2 UB	(Click for Plot)	(0.22 NA)	FC/APC

- Please see the 2x2 Coupler Tutorial tab for more information on these terms.
- Other fiber types may be available upon request. Please contact Tech Support with inquiries.
- All values are specified at room temperature over the bandwidth and measured using the white port as the input, as indicated in the diagram above; similar
 performance is achieved (≤0.05 dB difference) when the blue port is used as the input.
- Below the cut-off wavelength, single mode operation is not guaranteed (click on the blue info icon for more information).

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
TW930R2F2	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 930 ± 100 nm, 90:10 Split, FC/PC	\$310.00	Today
TW930R2A2	2A2 2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 930 ± 100 nm, 90:10 Split, FC/APC		Today
TN980R1F2B	NEW! 2x2 Narrowband Fiber Optic Coupler, 980 ± 15 nm, 0.22 NA, 99:1 Split, FC/PC	\$170.00	Today
TN980R1A2B	NEW! 2x2 Narrowband Fiber Optic Coupler, 980 ± 15 nm, 0.22 NA, 99:1 Split, FC/APC	\$210.00	Today
TW1064R1F2A	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 1064 ± 100 nm, 0.14 NA, 99:1 Split, FC/PC	\$310.00	Today
TW1064R1A2A	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 1064 ± 100 nm, 0.14 NA, 99:1 Split, FC/APC	\$350.00	Today
TW1064R1F2B	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 1064 ± 100 nm, 0.22 NA, 99:1 Split, FC/PC	\$310.00	Today
TW1064R1A2B	2x2 Wideband Fiber Optic Coupler, 1064 ± 100 nm, 0.22 NA, 99:1 Split, FC/APC	\$350.00	Today



Specs

Coupling Ratio	90:10		
Center Wavelength	980 nm		
Bandwidth	±15 nm		
Insertion Loss	0.7 dB / 10.5 dB (Typ.)		
Excess Loss	0.12 dB (Typ.)		
Polarization-Dependent Loss (PDL)	<0.15 dB		
Directivity	>55 dB		
Fiber Type	HI1060FLEX		
Port Configuration	2x2		
Fiber Lead Length and Tolerance	0.8 m +0.075 m/-0 m		
Termination	2.0 mm Narrow Key FC/APC		
Package Size	Ø0.15" x 2.60" (Ø3.8 mm x 66.0 mm)		
Jacket	Ø900 µm Loose Furcation Tubing		
Operating Temperature	-40 to 85 °C		



Auto CAD

PDF





a. All specifications are measured without connectors during the manufacturing process.



