# Laser & ASE Systems

## **Tunable Lasers**

Femtosecond Laser WDM Laser Sources Benchtop Laser Sources HeNe Lasers

ASE Sources

Terahertz

Electro-Optic Modulators

# Frequency Swept Laser Source...Page 1 of 2

Thorlabs' Frequency Swept Tunable Lasers are specifically designed for SS-OCT applications. Swept Source Optical Coherence Tomography (SS-OCT) and Optical Frequency Domain Reflectometry (OFDR) provide real-time high resolution cross-sectional imaging of turbid media. These applications require a specially designed laser source that can sweep a wide wavelength range at very high speeds. A wide spectral tuning range is required for high axial resolution OCT images, and a high sweep speed is needed to obtain real-time 2D and 3D OCT imaging speeds. Thorlabs now offers a variety of frequency swept laser sources based on an external cavity semiconductor tunable laser designed and optimized for SS-OCT and OFDR applications.

Now available with center wavelengths at 850nm, 1050nm, 1325nm, and 1550nm, these broadband frequency swept lasers are a versatile family of specialty laser sources covering the spectral regions most often used in OCT applications. The compact design, robust alignment, and high repetition rate make these systems ideal for both research and OEM applications. Recently redesigned, these lasers now offer even greater stability in a smaller desktop housing.

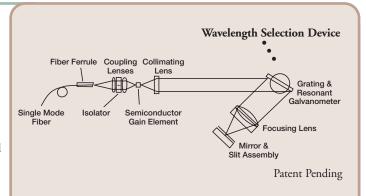


The external cavity laser consists of a single gain element, where one facet serves as an end mirror for the cavity and the extended cavity is comprised of a single collimating lens and a Cat-Eye wavelength selection device.

The intra-cavity side of the semiconductor gain element is AR coated, providing a residual reflectivity of less than 10<sup>4</sup> thus allowing for the efficient formation of an extended cavity. Wavelength selection is achieved using a diffraction-grating mounted on a scanner with a focusing lens, mirror, and slit assembly providing active wavelength selection. The focusing lens and slit/mirror assembly are separated by the focal length of the lens. This configuration is commonly referred to as a Cat-Eye and is highly insensitive to angular misalignment. Output from the laser cavity is coupled into a fiber, using a lens system containing an isolator that prevents optical feedback into the cavity.

This design enables a robust alignment due to the cat's eye configuration of the back-reflector, which provides superior long-term stability compared to designs with a quasi-collimated beam on the laser cavity back-reflector.

All the Thorlabs swept source lasers are easily integrated into OEM systems. This family of swept source lasers is available in key wavelengths used for many biological and material science applications. For ophthalmic systems, the sample is mostly water, making the SL850-P16 and the SL1050-P16 ideal due to the minimal absorption of water in the 700 to 1000nm spectral range. In many other biological tissue samples, wavelengths of 1000nm or longer provide enhanced imaging and deeper penetration depths. In addition, the availability of robust inexpensive optics and components optimized for telecom wavelengths make the SL1325-P16 and SL1550-P16 lasers ideal for other imaging and OEM system applications.



## Cat-Eye External Cavity Laser

Figure 1: Schematic of the Swept Source Laser

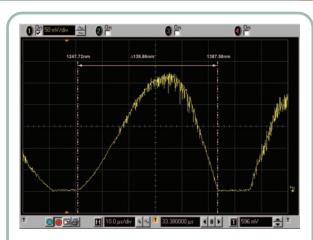
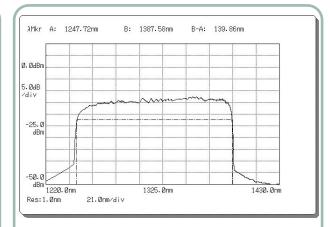
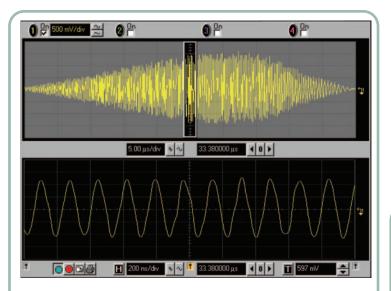


Figure 2: The Power Monitor signal accessible from the rear panel shows optical power as a function of time.



**Figure 3:** Spectrum of the (SL1325-P16) swept laser showing an active wavelength tuning range of 155nm centered around 1325nm.

# Frequency Swept Laser Source...Page 2 of 2



**Figure 4**: At fast-frequency sweep speeds, the laser frequency varies sinusoidally in time. For OCT imaging, accurate and reliable recalibration of the interference output is required so that the samples are equidistant in frequency. Thorlabs' swept source laser is ideal for this application. The laser features a built-in Mach-Zehnder Interferometer (MZI) with balanced detector output, which can be used as a frequency clock because the zero crossing of the interference fringe signal is equally spaced in optical frequency (k-space). This clock, while useful for resampling OCT data sets, can also be used to synchronize other measurements.

#### INVISIBLE LASER RADIATION DO NOT VIEW WITH OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS CLASS 1M LASER PRODUCT 800-1700nm <50mW IEC 60825-1 EDITION 1.2 2001-08

Laser & ASE Systems

#### **Key Features:**

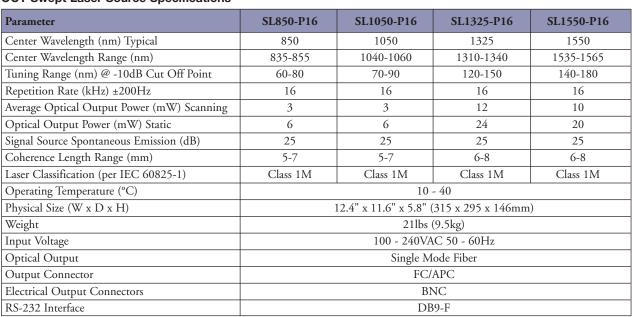
- Multiple Wavelength Versions: 850nm, 1050nm, 1325nm, and 1550nm
- Fast Wavelength Sweep Rate: 16kHz
- Single Mode Fiber Output
   Compact Housing
  - Compact Housing: 12.4" x 11.6" x 5.8" (315 x 295 x 146mm)

Tunable Lasers
Femtosecond Laser
WDM Laser Sources
Benchtop Laser Sources
HeNe Lasers
ASE Sources
Terahertz

Electro-Optic Modulators

# For Panel of Swept Source Laser Image: Contract of the panel provides connections for the panel (Fig. 2), the M7L deal.

power monitor signal (Fig. 2), the MZI clock (Fig. 4), the sweep trigger, and the RS-232 port.



Note: Specification subject to change due to on going engineering improvements.

ITEM#	\$	£	€	RMB	DESCRIPTION
SL850-P16	\$ 35,000.00	£ 22,050.00	€ 32.550,00	¥ 334,250.00	16kHz Frequency Swept Laser Source @850nm
SL1050-P16	\$ 35,000.00	£ 22,050.00	€ 32.550,00	¥ 334,250.00	16kHz Frequency Swept Laser Source @1050nm
SL1325-P16	\$ 35,000.00	£ 22,050.00	€ 32.550,00	¥ 334,250.00	16kHz Frequency Swept Laser Source @1325nm
SL1550-P16	\$ 35,000.00	£ 22,050.00	€ 32.550,00	¥ 334,250.00	16kHz Frequency Swept Laser Source @1550nm

# **OCT Swept Laser Source Specifications**